

ESP: becoming a non-expert expert

Ben Butler

Context



Courses Manager - The London School of English

- LTO which supports teachers in development of courses and training.
- Over 16 regular specialist open courses in addition to tailored closed group courses and 1-1.

Courses offered in/to:

Business Law

Commercial Law Public sector

HR Banking

Medical English / Technical English / Engineering

Journalism Lecturing in English

Insurance The Swedish Parliament

Eurostar Drivers The Norwegian Maritime Authority

The Swedish Pharmaceutical Industry

Context



Tailored 1-1 tuition to focus on the skills / needs of the client:

Regular professions:

- Business People Executives / Managers / Supervisors / PAs etc.
- Lawyers / Judges / Legal Secretaries
- Teachers / Doctors / Engineers / IT-Technicians / Designers
- Hospitality / Tourism / Events Organisers

But also more unusual professions:

- Tennis Umpire
- Sex Therapist
- Potato Cultivator
- Wind Farm Designer
- Aviation Disaster Investigator

- Space Probe Technician
- Brazilian Footballer
- Secret Service Officials
- Motor-Sport Team Director
- Royal Maids



Why do teachers fear ESP?



"I can't teach something I don't know about" (lack of knowledge)

"I've never done this before" (the experience is new)

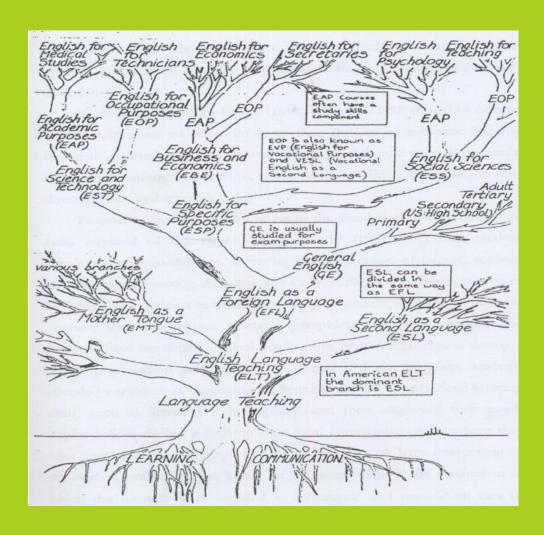
"How will I know what my client really needs? I don't know how the industry works." (lack of client knowledge) "I won't know some basic vocabulary or principles in the field" (feeling of being shown up/exposed)

"Will I have to create a lot of material? How do I do it? I don't get paid enough to do all this!" (lack of material)

> "Who can help me out? Who can I turn to?" (lack of support)

What is/isn't ESP?





Preparation



Doing a needs analysis / skills audit

Ask the right questions	What do they do in English?Who do they speak to? Why?What are their objectives on the course?
Determine the functions they need to develop	 They often need a surprisingly limited range of functions. These are often familiar to any work context (including teaching!) e.g. negotiating, presentation skills, socializing.
Research their profession / company as a layperson	You won't become an expert, but you can learn a lot.Show an interest in their field.
Needs analysis is key	 It doesn't need to differ vastly from a GE Needs Analysis. Your client probably knows/uses specialist vocabulary already. Focus on functions rather than grammar. Context is crucial for language activities.

Preparation

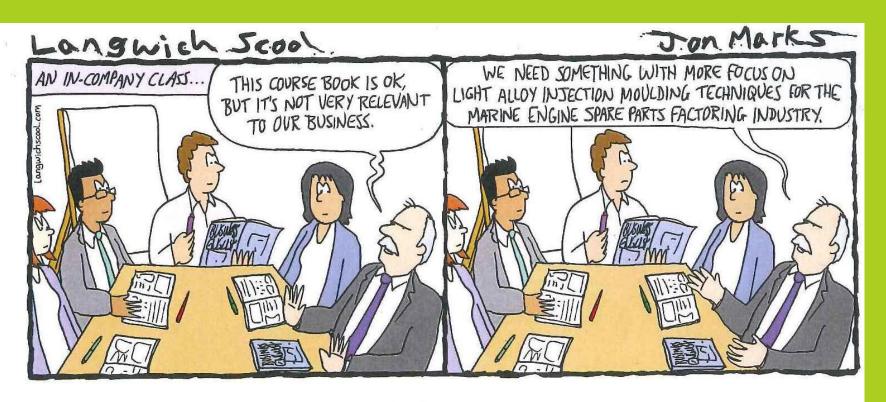


First Day Approach

Ask clients to talk you through their day to day	•Establish skills and functions required.
Set your limitations	•Don't be afraid to say that you are not an expert.
View the challenge as a joint-learning process	You facilitate the clients learningThey inform your subject knowledge.
Create a strong rapport	•Negotiate the timetable (scheme of work) as a joint process, which is readily adaptable.
Be keen and eager to learn	 Be passionate about the subject Exploit and learn from gaps in knowledge on both sides.



Published Material Vs Tailored Material



64 • Issue 101 November 2015 • ENGLISH TEACHING professional • www.etprofessional.com •



Thoughts

- Can't make materials to cater for all needs in a group context.
- Be prepared to adapt existing material often a question tweaking not reinventing the wheel.
- Bear in mind some LTOs provide tailor-made course materials.
- Both general English and tailored material equip clients with necessary skills and knowledge but subject specific material better caters for ESP leaners' specific needs (learners feel an affinity to material they use in their context.)
- Connect with a Community of Practice.
- Read industry blogs.
- Watch interviews with members of a community of practice.
- Identify frequently used words and compare to learners' production and fill the gaps.



Follow ***

Connecting with a Community of Practice

The Secret Barrister

A brutal, technicolour portrait of life at the Criminal Bar

Frequently Asked Questions

Joint Enterprise: Just a few quick things

Posted on February 18, 2016

This morning the Supreme Court handed down judgment in R v Jogee; Ruddock v The Queen [2016] UKSC 8, and everyone's mighty excited. This case - dealing with the principles of what is (lazily) referred to in the media as "joint enterprise" - is leading the lunchtime news bulletins and will probably fill up much of the evening schedules as well.

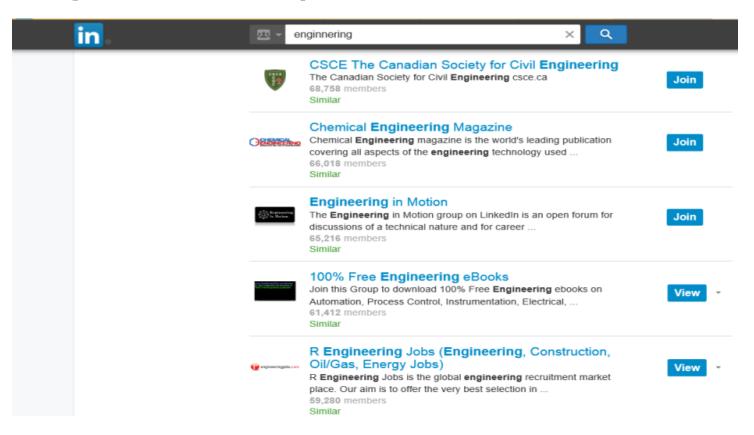
The Supreme Court ruled, in short, that one of the ways in which courts have for 30 years directed juries in cases involving "accessories" or "secondary parties" to an offence (usually in cases of murder) has been wrong. And the Supremes did not hold back. This was a thorough academic spanking of an approach approved and applied since 1985 in Chan Wing- Siu v The Queen [1985] AC 168.

So it's of interest to lawyers, but also, for various reasons, has captured wider attention. And people are getting really quite giddy about what this case means. People who, it appears, haven't bothered to read the judgment or acquaint themselves with either the facts or the law. Which, frankly, is spoiling my day. So, with my wig off and my debunking hat on, in the spirit of public service, allow me to, if I may, lay some truth on yo:

www.thesecretbarrister.com @barristersecret



Connecting with a Community of Practice - Linkedin



Sample Reading Text

THE LONDON SCHOOL OF ENGLISH

Norwegian Maritime Authority

- MORE SHIPS SHOULD BE FLYING THE NORWEGIAN FLAG
- The Norwegian Maritime Authority has an offensive strategy to get more ships to regconise the Norwegian International Ship Register (NIS).
- During the Haugesund Conference, Director General, Mr. Olav Akselsen, gave a number of reasons for the ship owners to choose the Norwegian flag.
- He informed delegates that in the year 2000, approximately 60 percent of the Norwegian owned ships carried the Norwegian flag. In 2012 the share had fallen to approximately 40 percent.
- The fact is that as many as 1000
 Norwegian ships are flying a foreign flag.
 "We have to do something about this, said Akselsen, and asked the question:
 "What determines the choice of flag?"
- "I will tell you; in general terms, service and emotions", he replied.
- He pointed out that Norway and NIS are in a competitive situation, as it is the right of the ship owner to choose the country in which he wants to register his ships. The services provided by the Norwegian Maritime Authority are therefore constantly compared to the services of other registries.
- After contact meetings with a number of ship owners across the country, the feedback is that service is one of the most important factors considered by the

- ship owners when they choose their flag, says Akselsen, and listed their definition of service was short response time, available employees, good electronic services and a close dialogue. In addition to no Norwegian special requirements in comparison with other registries.
- Akselsen also listed many of the measures already taken by the Norwegian Maritime Authority to meet the needs and requirements of the maritime industry such as digitalization of services, improved service regarding registration in the Norwegian registries (NIS and NOR), an appointed contact person, simplification of the document requirements and an extended emergency telephone service.
- He then stated that the strategy of the Norwegian Maritime Authority has one main objective, and that is for the NMA to become the preferred maritime administration.
- -The overall message is that yes, the Norwegian Maritime Authority is indeed a good reason for ship owners to fly the Norwegian flag.



Material - Reading



Material – Reading Texts

- Use internet to find authentic texts in clients' field.
- Ask client to supply texts they work with, where possible.

Treat texts like you would for any reading text!

- Skimming / Scanning
- Comprehension
- Gapfill
- Jigsaw reading
- Deducing lexis from context / Finding collocations
- Producing summaries
- Follow-up tasks
- Discussion



Where to find (authentic) texts

- Subscribe to podcasts.
- Search Youtube.
- Be aware of / record relevant TV programmes.
- Go on to industry blogs and look for videos / interviews.
- Be aware of published material available.
- Make your own dialogues with colleagues.



Where to find (authentic) texts - HR











Date: 02/06/15 Duration: 00:23:23

Recruiting the right people is a challenge faced by every organisation, but SMEs in particular may face more challenges than most. Limited time and resources as well as competition from larger companies can make it much more difficult for smaller firms to find and recruit the best candidates.

www.cipd.com/podcasts



Where to find (authentic) texts - HR





PL: So for Emma being up front about the employer proposition is step one. SMEs often lack the time and internal resources needed to adequately manage the recruitment campaigns and the cost of recruiting is significant for smaller companies which may not have the means to pay recruitment agency fees. Social media and recruitment agencies do have their place and many use them but word of mouth is a key tool as well. The prerequisite for this to work well – engaged employees.

EB: Engaging your employees is playing a bigger and bigger part in terms of being able to recruit the right people. What I mean by that is sites such as Glass Door.

PL: Glass Door? If you haven't heard of it think of it as Trip Advisor for employees wanting to know the truth about what an organisation is really like to work for.

EB: And meaning that how it feels to work in a company is way more transparent than it ever has been before. So when candidates with talent are out there looking for new roles or looking for companies they might want to work with it's now easier than ever to find out what it's really like inside an organisation and I think that's only set to get bigger and louder and stronger. And so I think getting employee engagement right means that you've got employees out there, previous employees out there, talking about what a great place your company is to work.

Material - Task



Listening Material — Medical English — Giving News & Showing Empathy

Dr Barrett: Ms Davies the MRI shows that you have a growth in the top part of your right lung. [Silence] We won't know if its cancer until we get a biopsy. But the good news is, if it is cancer, we will know exactly what we're dealing with and how to treat it. Does that make sense?

Ms Davies: Yes, yes, I think so.

Dr Barrett: I think that you'll be glad to know that if it is cancer, there's absolutely no evidence that it has spread to the rest of your lungs. And the growth is in a position that we can surgically remove it and treat you with chemotherapy to get rid of the small cancer cells that we can't see. So Ms Davies, I'm happy to tell you that your condition is both treatable and curable.

Ms Davies: Thank you doc. I'm sorry, I'm so emotional.

Dr Barrett: I understand how upsetting this is for you. It's very difficult for me as well.

Ms Davies: [sobbing] I'm sorry Dr Barrett. I just feel so scared.

Dr Barrett: It's only natural that you feel scared. Most people would feel scared hearing this news for the first time.

Ms Davies: Its just I've got my kids to think of and there's my Dad to take care of. Who's going to do all of those

things?

Dr Barrett: We can put you in touch with organisations that can help you.

Ms Davies: Can you? Thanks.

Dr Barrett: You'll need time to take this in. Let's schedule that second appointment with your husband, shall we?

Ms Davies: Yes, thank you. I need to digest everything first.

Dr Barrett: Can I suggest in that case, that we discuss the treatment options during the second appointment?

Ms Davies: Yes, OK.

Dr Barrett: I'll give you some documentation about your condition in the meantime and you can look at this together with your husband and I can answer your guestions when we meet next.

Ms Davies: Thank you doctor, thank you.



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Listening Material — Engineering — Giving News & Showing Empathy PM = Project Manager

PM: The latest plans show that they have altered the design of the release mechanism slightly. **We won't know if** it's compatible **until** we receive the other parts. **But the good news is, if it is** compatible, **we will know exactly what** timeframe we are working to. **Does that make sense?**

Installer: Yes, yes, I think so.

PM: I think that you'll be glad to know that if the new plans are correct we should be able to have the mechanism in place by the end of next week. If not, which I expect, then we may be looking at a delay of over 3 weeks.

Installer: Good news if it fits, but if it doesn't I'm going to be really annoyed.

PM: I understand how annoying this is for you. It's very annoying for me as well.

Installer: I can't believe they have changed the plans again and now we are in danger of running over schedule, it's so frustrating.

PM: It's only natural that you feel frustrated. **Most people would feel frustrated** if they had worked as hard on the project as you have.

Installer: It's just that if we overrun then we will have to pay a penalty, through no fault of our own!

PM: I can put you in touch with the parts supplier who may be able to help you.

Installer: Can you? Thanks.

PM: You'll need time to take this in. Let's schedule another meeting at the end of the week, shall we?

Installer: Yes, thank you. I need to contact the parts supplier as well.

PM: Can I suggest in that case, that we arrange another meeting for the following Monday?

Installer: Yes, OK it will give me more time to look at the new plans again.

PM: I'll give you some documentation on the installation process. You can look at this with your team and **I can** answer your questions when we meet next.

Installer : That seems like a good plan. Thank you.

Material – Multi-Skilled / Contextual Approach



How can you build an integrated input?

What precedes this?

Email exchange Phone calls Meetings

Negotiation

More emails
Drafting
More meetings
Editing
Emails / Calls
Agreement / Signing

Reading a Contract

What follows this?

Complaint / Grievance Email / Letter exchange Seeking / Getting Legal advice

Litigation Process

Gathering evidence
Preparing Statements
Email / Letter exchange
Understanding / Explaining
the judgement

What functions are needed?

Delivery of ESP



Things to remember

- Be yourself and don't pretend to be something you are not.
- Rely on your acquired methodology and pedagogy stick to what you do anyway.
- Learn with your client while staying alert to their needs / requirements and expect these to change.
- Your linguistic ability in English is better than theirs their subject knowledge is better than yours – view the relationship as complementary.
- As with any lesson the key is preparation and communication.
- Be and appear confident.

Recap - Why teachers don't need to fear ESP



"I can't teach something I don't know about" (lack of knowledge)

You can because you can research it as a lay person and get you client to explain things to you.

"I've never done this before" (the experience is new)

Not important because you rely on your existing teaching skills and preparation.

"How will I know what my client really needs? I don't know how the industry works." (lack of client knowledge)

You will by doing a needs analysis and using the client as your resource.

"I won't know some basic vocabulary or principles in the field" (Feeling of being shown up/exposed)

Not a problem because your client will and you can't be an expert in everything.

"Will I have to create a lot of material? How do I do it? I don't get paid enough to do all this!" (lack of material)

Use the readily available and adaptable published and authentic material.



"Who can help me out? Who can I turn to?" (lack of support)

Turn to your client and connect with their community of practice.



Questions???

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